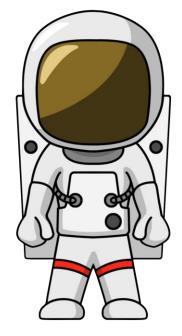


# Global Guidance for Local Generalization in Model Checking



Hari Govind V K, Yu-Ting Chen, Sharon Shoham, Arie Gurfinkel @CAV 2020









# Space Odyssey of Spacer Tom **Engines ON!**



- Safety of infinite state systems
  - e.g., sequential programs
  - Generate inductive loop invariants
- IC3-style Model Checking algorithms
  - Generate predecessors to *Bad* states (POB)
  - Block them and generalize (lemma)
  - Stop when Ju get an invariant

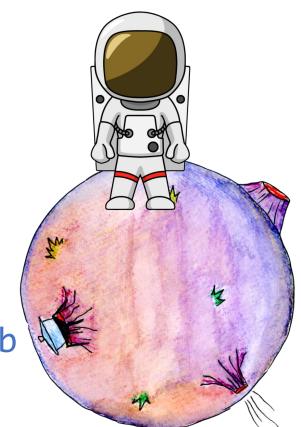
<mark>0<a<4∧b=4</mark> a=b a+b<4

All variables are unbounded integers

nd() returns a non deterministic Boolean value.

# Spacer Tom ONLY knows how to do LOCal reasoning

- Generalizing from single predecessors *results in limited exploration horizon*
- Generalization typically relies on interpolation
- Interpolation can work wonders!
  e.g., generate breakthrough terms like invariant a = b



#### Ground Control to Spacer Tom: We've got a PROBLEM!

- Not aware of the structure of the inductive proof so far
- Interpolant is very much dependent on heuristics in the underlying SMT engine
  - a + b < 4 is just as likely as a = b



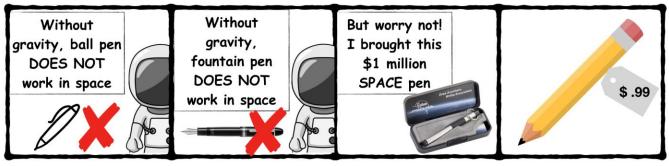
- Much more crucial in infinite-state systems than in finite-state systems
  - There are usually infinite generalizations to choose from

#### Spacer Tom can be MISSGUIDED! As illustrated by

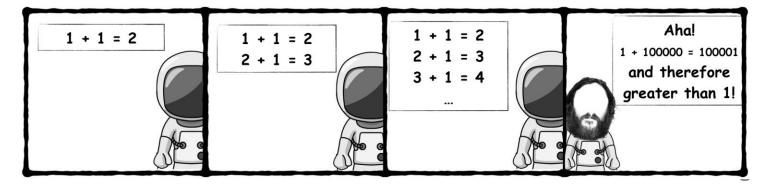
## **Myopic generalization**



#### **Excessive generalization**

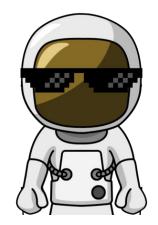


## **Getting stuck in a rut**

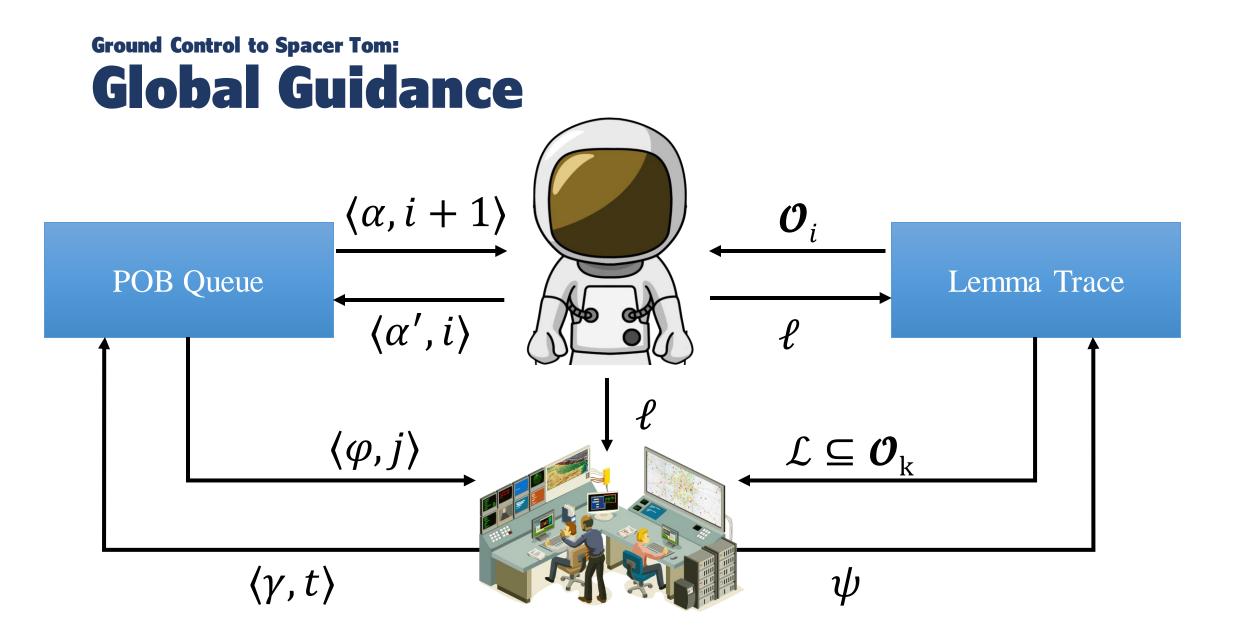


#### **Spacer Tom can be MISSGUIDED!**

**Myopic Generalization** 



nd() returns a non-deterministic Boolean value.



#### Ground Control to Spacer Tom: Global Guidance trinity

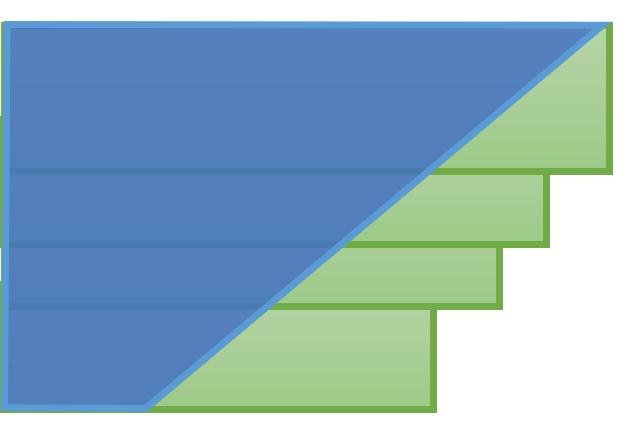
## Subsume

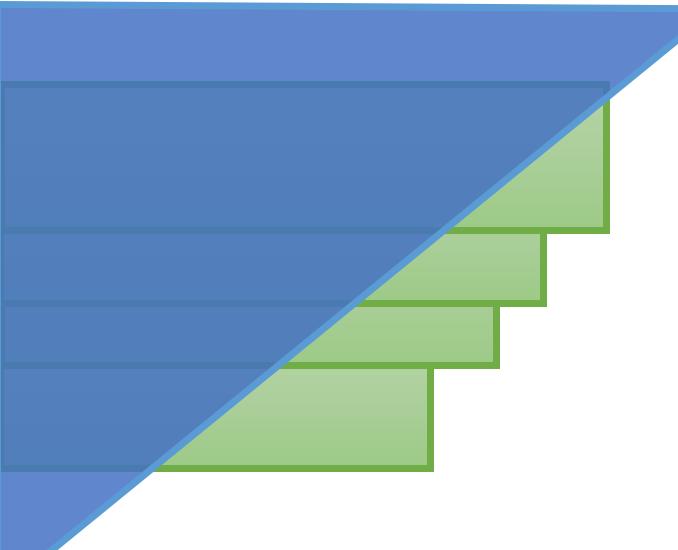


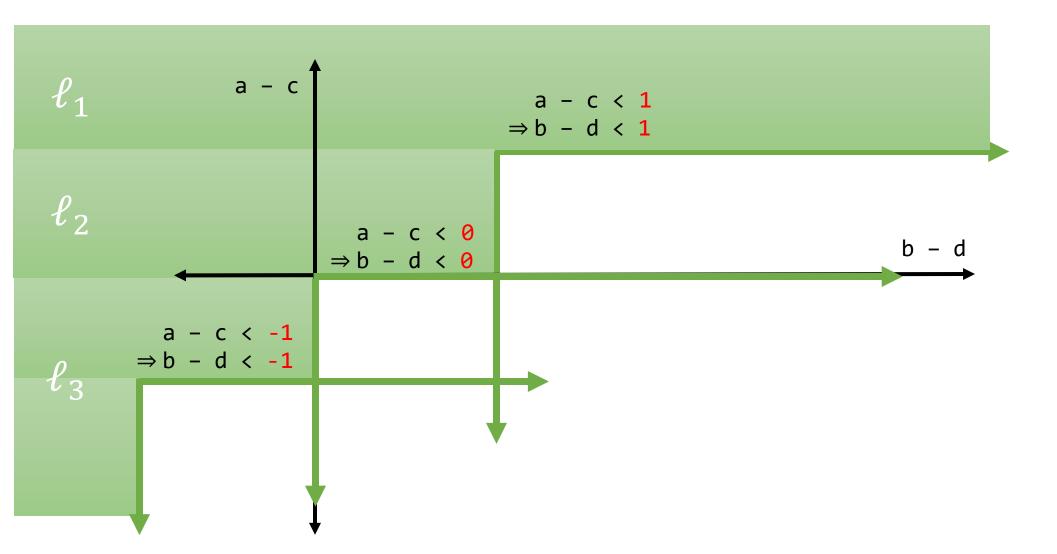


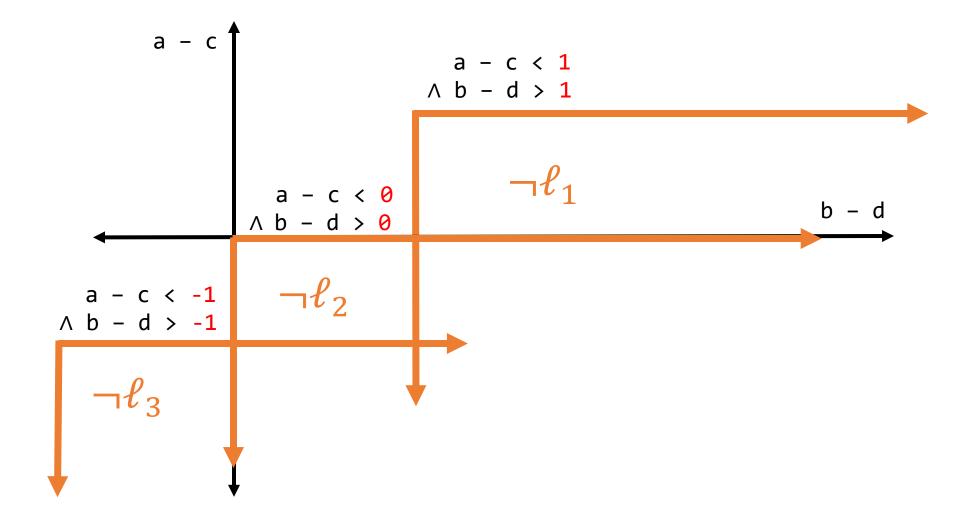
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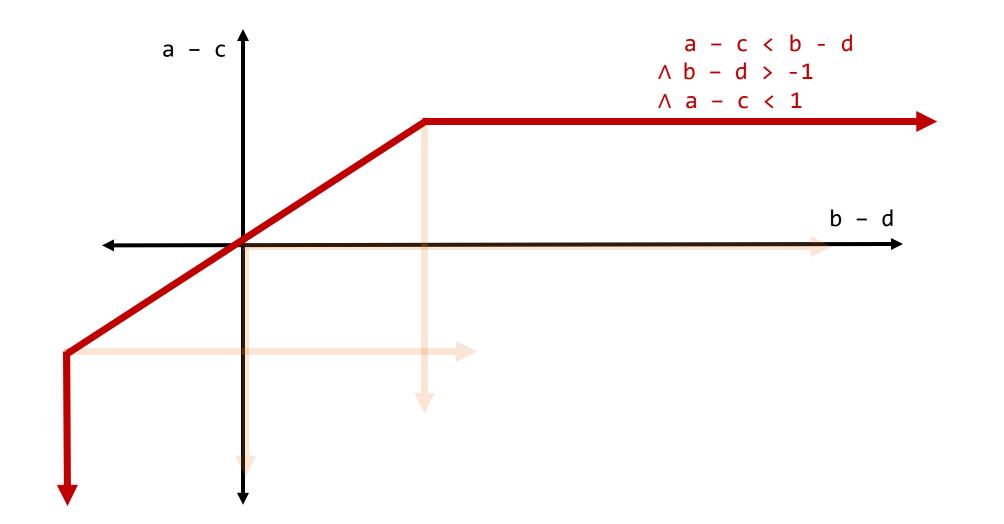


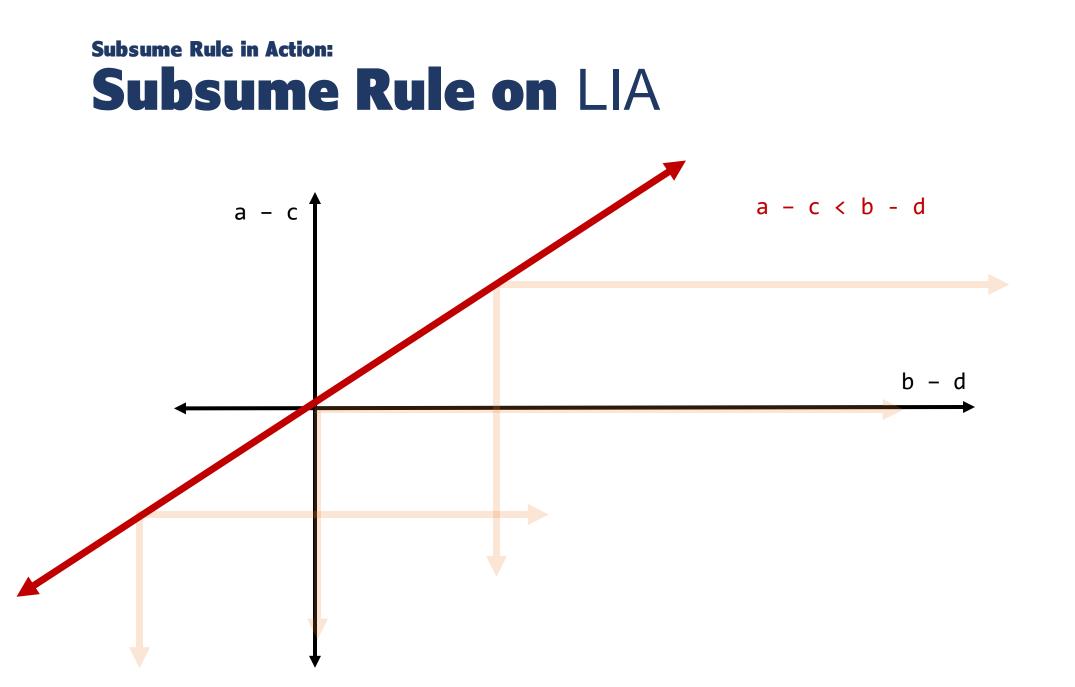


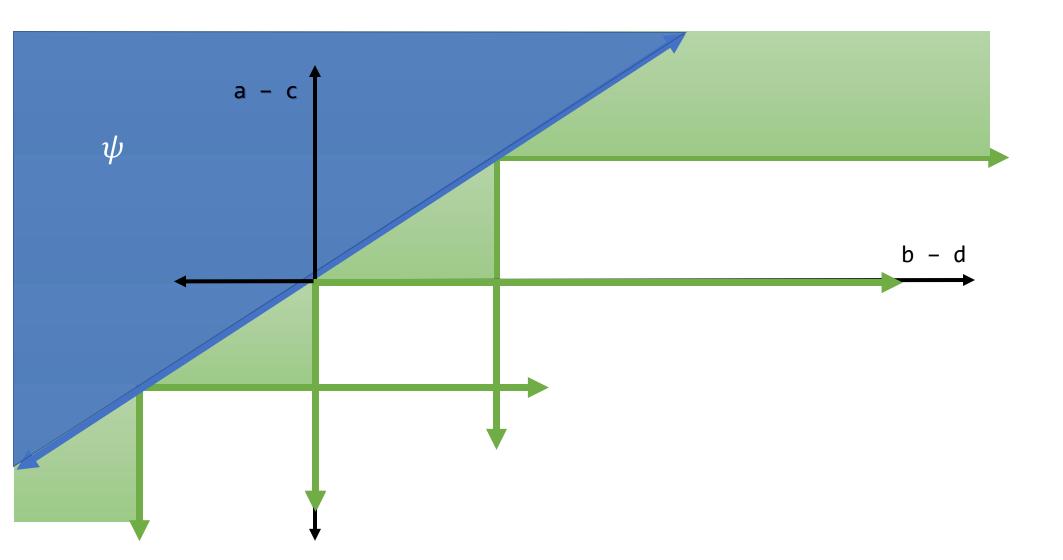


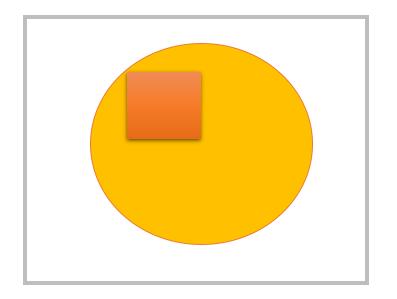


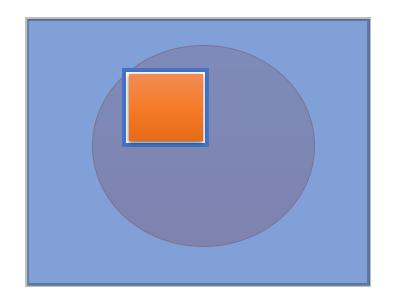


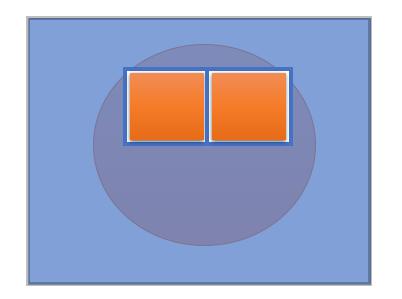


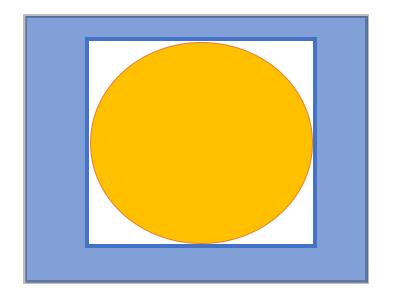


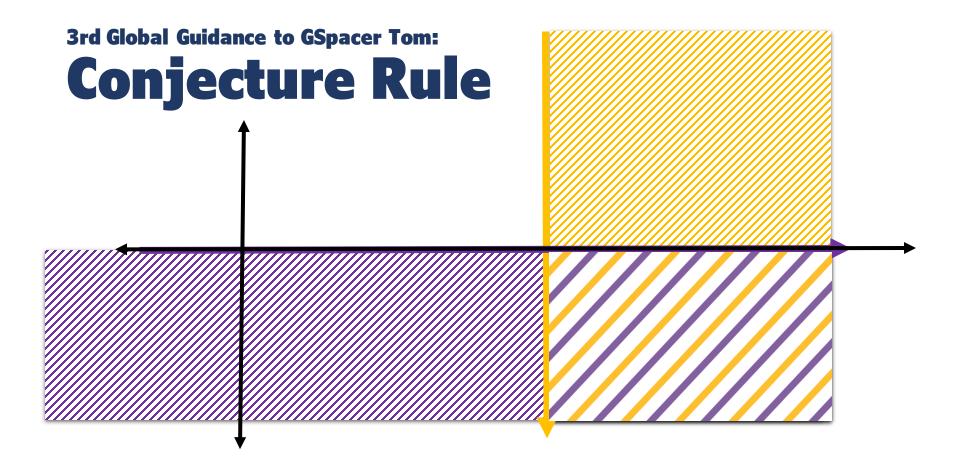


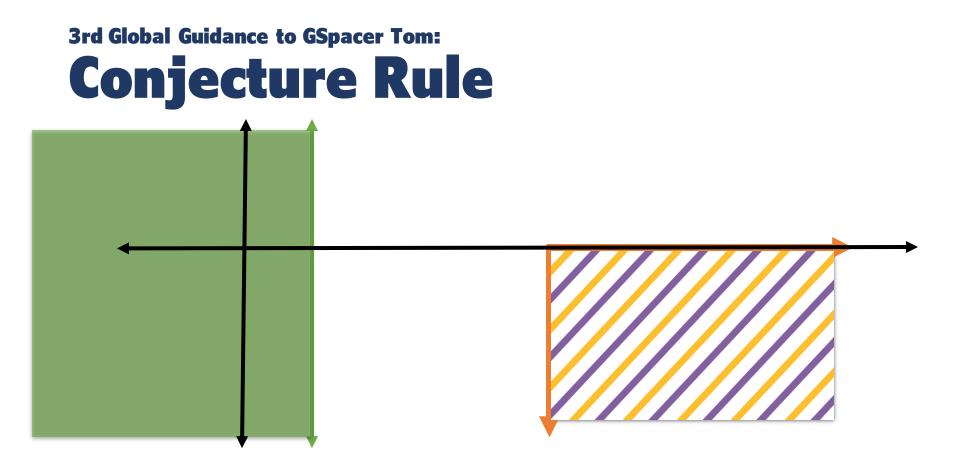


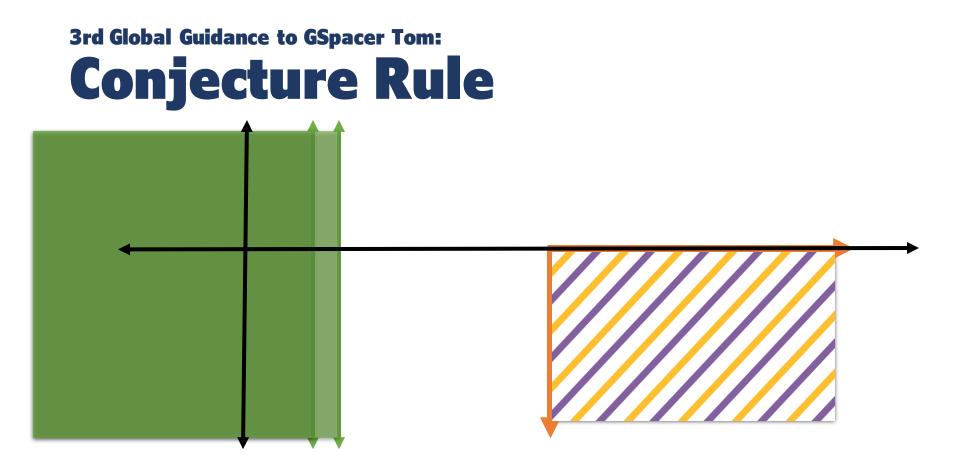


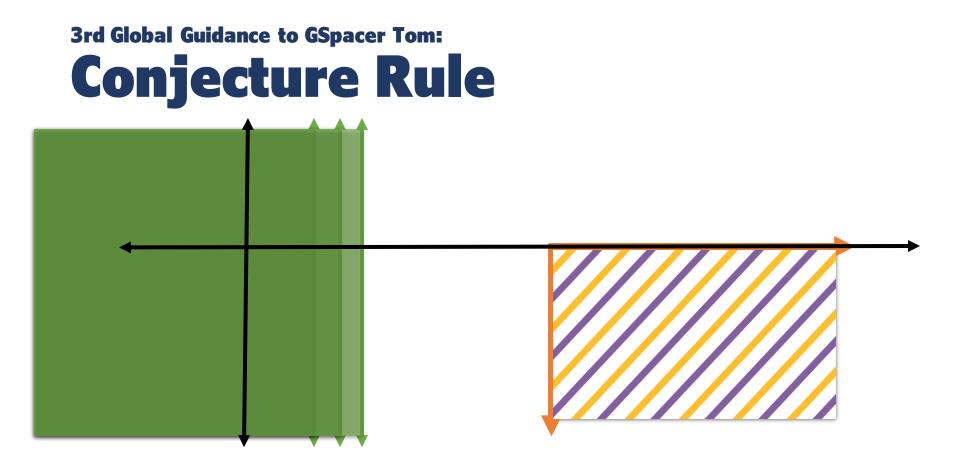


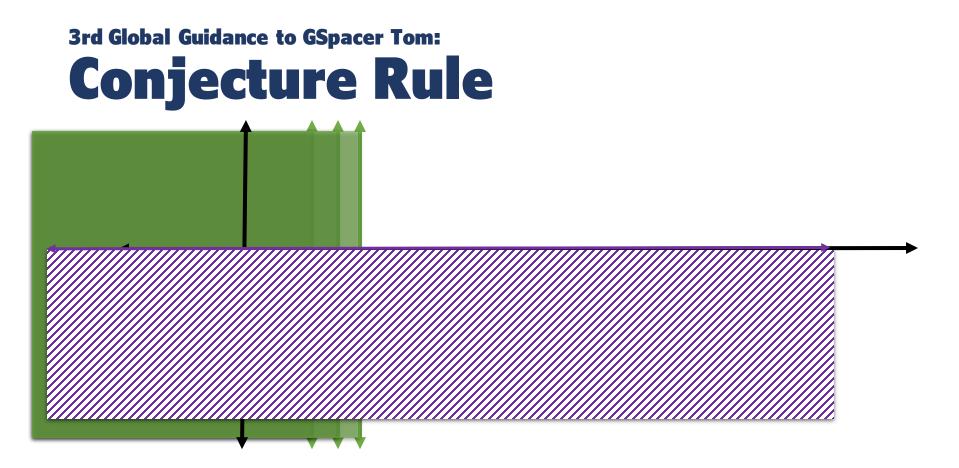




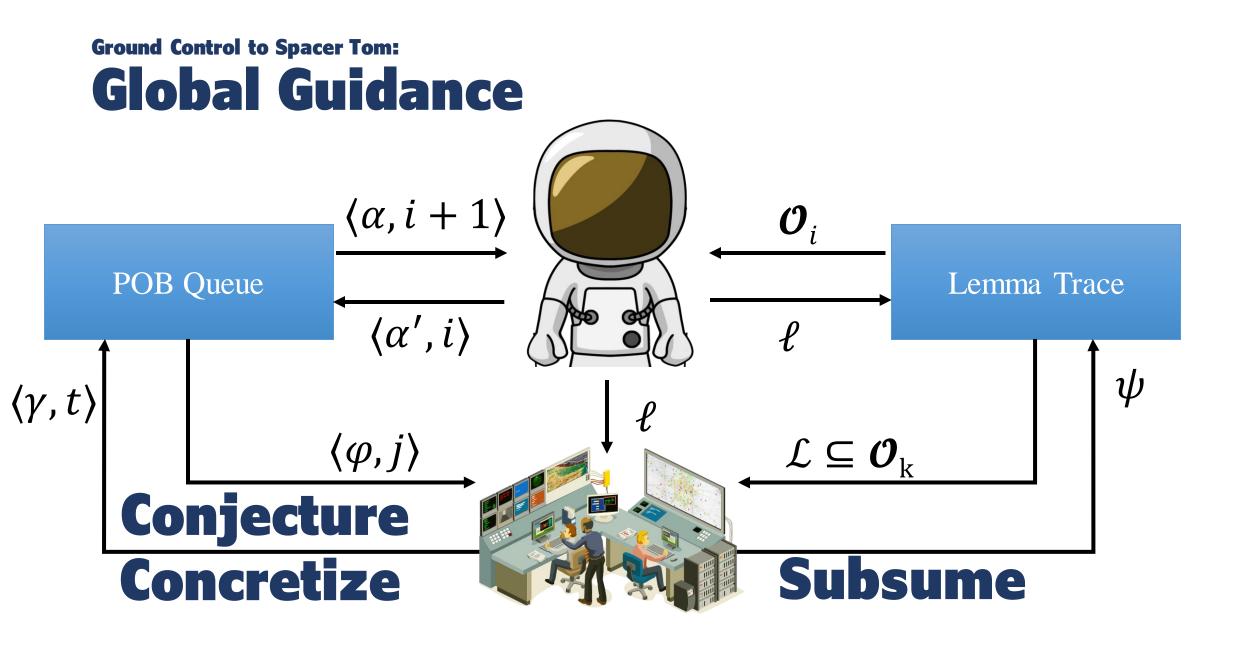








# **3rd Global Guidance to GSpacer Tom: Conjecture Rule**



## **Implementation and Evaluation**

• As an extension to Spacer

https://github.com/hgvk94/z3/tree/gspacer-cav-ae

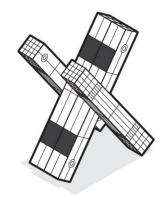
- Supports
  - Linear Integer Arithmetic, Linear Real Arithmetic
  - Linear and Non-linear CHCs
  - Arrays and Fixed-Size Bit-Vectors ongoing
- Evaluated on LIA instances from CHC-COMP

Results No interpolation !													
Bench	SPACER					GSPACER							
	fw		bw			sc		fw		W	sc	VBS	
	safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe	e safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe sa	fe unsafe	safe ı	ınsafe
CHC-18	159	66	163	69	123	68	214	67	214	63 <b>2</b> 1	14 69	229	74
<b>CHC-19</b>	193	84	186	84	125	84	202	84	196	<b>85</b> 20	00 84	207	85

*fw* and *bw* are different interpolation strategies. *sc* configuration disables interpolation.

GSpacer won 3 of the 4 tracks at CHC-COMP 2020

# Linear Arbitrary (LArb) from PLDI 18



# Data-driven, machine learning based invariant inference algorithm

# Evaluation showed promise on a subset of SV-COMP benchmarks



#### A Data-Driven CHC Solver

He Zhu Galois, Inc., USA hezhu@galois.com

st

Stephen Magill Galois, Inc., USA stephen@galois.com

#### Abstract

We present a data-driven technique to solve Constrained Horn Clauses (CHCs) that encode verification conditions of programs containing unconstrained loops and recursions. Our CHC solver neither constrains the search space from which a predicate's components are inferred (e.g., by constraining the number of variables or the values of coefficients used to specify an invariant), nor fixes the shape of the predicate itself (e.g., by bounding the number and kind of logical connectives). Instead, our approach is based on a payed Suresh Jagannathan Purdue University, USA suresh@cs.purdue.edu

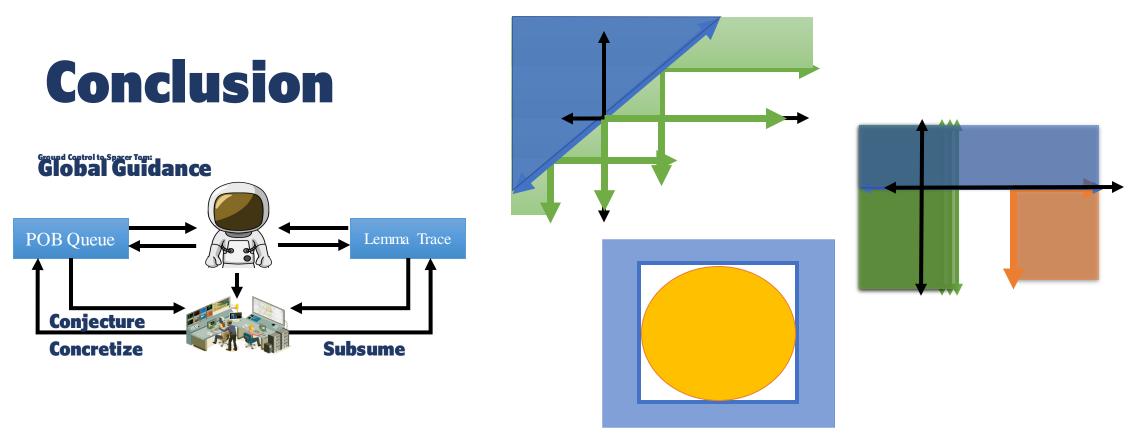
correspond to unknown inductive loop invariants and inductive pre- and post-conditions of recursive functions. If adequate inductive invariants are given to interpret each unknown predicate, the problem of checking whether a program satisfies its specification can be efficiently reduced to determining the logical validity of the VCs, and is decidable with modern automated decision procedures for some fragments of first-order logic. However inductive invariant inference is still very challenging, and is even more so in the presence of multiple nested loops and arbitrary recursion:

## We compared GSpacer with LArb

- Could not compare on CHC-COMP instances as LArb solved significantly fewer instances than even Spacer
- Compared on benchmarks from LArb paper

	Bench	SP.	ACER	L	Arb	GS	PACER	VB		
-		safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe	safe	unsafe	
]	PLDI18	216	68	270	65	279	68	284	68	

**VB** stands for virtual best



- Global guidance technique to mitigate limitations of local reasoning
- Stable under different interpolation strategies
- Data driven guidance for MC is better than both invariant inference and local reasoning

## **Future Work**

- Extend to theories where there is no interpolation
  - BV, Arrays
- Add more rules
  - Symmetry breaking in distributed protocol verification

#### Thanks for listening

https://hgvk94.github.io/gspacer/

